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				web-based collections
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NEWS	19	AUG	21	CAS definition of basic patents expanded to ensure
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NEWS	20	SEP	10	Support for STN Express, Versions 6.01 and earlier,
NEWS	20	SEF	10	to be discontinued
NEWS	21	SEP	25	CA/CAplus current-awareness alert options enhanced
MEMO	Z 1	SEE	2 J	to accommodate supplemental CAS indexing of
				exemplified prophetic substances
NEWS	22	SEP	26	WPIDS, WPINDEX, and WPIX coverage of Chinese and
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NEWS	23	SEP	29	IFICLS enhanced with new super search field
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prophetic substances identified in new Japaneselanguage patents

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   ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
                         2005:673161 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
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DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:155680

TITLE: Method for the production of a chemical reaction

product with the aid of a fixed-bed reactor

INVENTOR(S): Morbidelli, Massimo; Mazzotti, Marco; Prior, Adalbert;

Prior, Joachim; Lang, Frank

Prior Engineering A.-G., Switz. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO. KIN						D DATE			APPLICATION NO.								
	O 2005068042																	
	W:						AU,											
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,	
		NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	
		ТJ,	TΜ,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW	
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MΖ,	NΑ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	ΑM,	
		AZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	
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PRIORIT	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:						AT 2004-42											
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AB Disclosed is a method for producing at least one chemical reaction product by chemical reacting one or several reactants that is/are optionally dissolved in one or several solvents and is/are supplied as a feed stream by bringing the same in contact with a heterogeneous catalyst in a continuously operated fixed-bed reactor which is filled with a particle bed, a continuous annular chromatograph (CAC) that is filled with the particle bed being used as a fixed-bed reactor in which the at least one reaction product is formed and purified while the at least one purified reaction product as well as optionally provided secondary products and/or non-reacted reactants are withdrawn at a different, predetd. azimuthal position of the annular chromatograph, resp. The inventive method is characterized in that only one type of particle material is used in a single particle bed as both a formation catalyst and a chromatog. medium for purifying the at least one reaction product in the particle bed. REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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       1691844 ION
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(ION OR IONS) 615033 EXCHANGE 18612 EXCHANGES 624164 EXCHANGE (EXCHANGE OR EXCHANGES) 680266 RESIN 441283 RESINS 832674 RESIN (RESIN OR RESINS) 29493 ION (2W) EXCHANGE (2W) RESIN 2 L2 AND (ION (2W) EXCHANGE (2W) RESIN) => d 14 1-2 ibib abs ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:513144 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:192343 TITLE: Continuous matrix assisted refolding of α -lactal bumin by ion exchange chromatography with recycling of aggregates combined with ultradiafiltration AUTHOR(S): Machold, Christine; Schlegl, Robert; Buchinger, Wolfgang; Jungbauer, Alois CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biotechnology, University of Natural Resources and Applied Life Sciences, Vienna, A-1190, Austria SOURCE: Journal of Chromatography, A (2005), 1080(1), 29-42 CODEN: JCRAEY; ISSN: 0021-9673 PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V. Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English Continuous matrix assisted refolding (MAR) can be achieved on a solid AΒ support by using a continuous chromatog. system. Recycling the aggregate fraction, simultaneously formed during a refolding reaction, can further increase the refolding yield. Due to the nature of this reaction, aggregates are the main reason for a refolding yield below stoichiometric conversion. A preparative continuous annular chromatog. system (P-CAC) equipped with an ion exchange resin was used to continuously refold the model protein α -lactalbumin. For this purpose, this protein was denatured, reduced and adsorbed on the ion exchange resin. Elution was performed with or without redox reagents in the buffer system permitting fast formation of the native disulfide bonds. In the case redox reagents were present, the protein refolds then during its residence time on the matrix. However, aggregate formation is also increased and refolding yields are lower. Tightly bound aggregates were removed from the column by 2 M quanidinium hydrochloride. In order to increase the system yield, this aggregate fraction was recycled after lowering the conductivity by ultradiafiltration and adjustment of the protein concentration by dilution For on-column refolding, recycling of aggregates at recycling rate of 0.17 increased the system yield from 25% to 30%. An algorithm was developed to show interdependencies of the single

influencing parameters. The operability of the system was demonstrated but limitations due to instability of the P-CAC, especially inhomogeneous flow and peak wobbling, have to be considered.

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 23

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:512605 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:112605

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 119:20153a, 20156a

TITLE: Simultaneous biochemical reaction and separation in a

rotating annular chromatograph Sarmidi, M. R.; Barker, P. E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem. Eng., Univ. Aston, Aston

Triangle/Birmingham, B4 7ET, UK

SOURCE: Chemical Engineering Science (1993), 48(14), 2615-23

CODEN: CESCAC; ISSN: 0009-2509

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Simultaneous biochem. reaction and separation has been carried out successfully for the first time in a continuous rotating annular chromatograph (CRAC) by inverting sucrose to glucose and fructose using the enzyme invertase. The chromatograph was packed with 14.5 dm3 Dowex 50W-X4 calcium form ion exchange resin. Results from the initial expts. indicated that complete conversion could be achieved for feed concns. of up to 50% w/v sucrose and at feed throughputs of up to 15 kg sucrose per m3 resin/h. Numerical simulation for the combined biochem. and separation on a CRAC has also been carried out. The model was solved using a finite difference method and the results indicate a good agreement between the exptl. and the predicted elution concentration profile.

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AUTHOR (S):

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L2 14 S (ANNULAR (2W) CHROMATOGRAPHY) (L) REACTION

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